Diagnostics of Invasive Aspergillosis: From Experimental Models to Clinical Evaluation

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Inhalation Chamber Apparatus for Aspergillosis



- Acrylic chamber for up to 40 mice
- Standard respiratory therapy nebulizer
- Compressed air tank with regulator

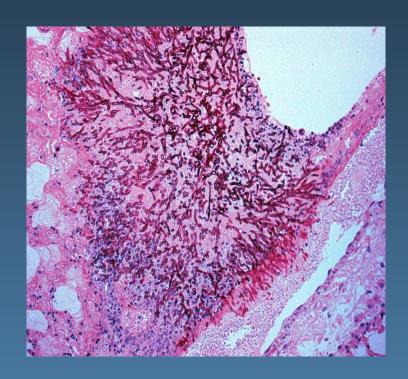
Sheppard. AAC 2004;48:1908





Inhalational Models Advantages

- Relatively low inoculum (~1000 conidia) delivered to alveoli
- Recapitulates human disease
- Reproducible outcome between different experiments and laboratories
- Late mortality
 - Allows multiple time point sampling without survivor bias
- Mortality complete by 14 days



Sheppard. AAC 2004;48:1908 Sheppard. AAC 2006;50:3501





Key Question: Model Refinement/Diagnostic Targets Neutropenic vs. Non-neutropenic Model

- Neutropenic:
 - Cyclophosphamide at 250 mg/kg SC on day -2 and 200 mg/kg SC on day +3 of infection
 - Cortisone acetate at 5 mg/mouse SC on days -2 and +3 of infection
- Non-neutropenic:
 - Cortisone acetate at 10 mg/mouse SC on days -4, -2, 0, +2, +4 of infection
- Ceftazidime IP while immunosuppressed

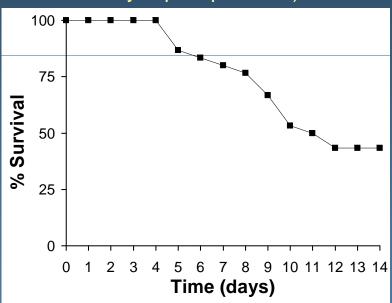




Effects of Different Types of Immunosuppression on Mouse Survival

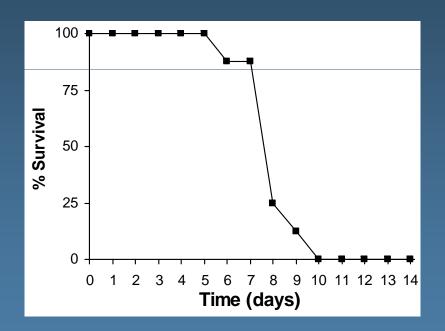
Neutropenic

(Cortisone Acetate + Cyclophosphamide)



Non-neutropenic

(Cortisone Acetate)



Spikes. JID 2008;197:479





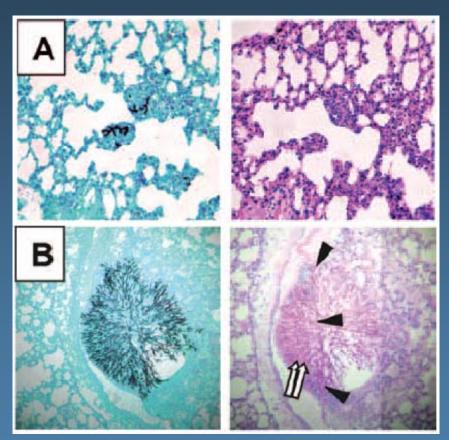
More Rapid Development of Disease in the Non-neutropenic Model

Day 4

Neutropenic

(Cortisone Acetate + Cyclophosphamide)

Non-neutropenic (Cortisone Acetate)



Chiang. I&I 2008;76:3429



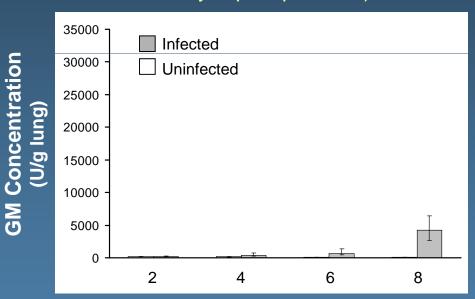


Lung GM Levels are Higher in Non-Neutropenic Mice

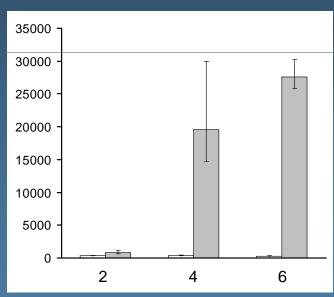
Neutropenic

(Cortisone Acetate + Cyclophosphamide)

Non-neutropenic (Cortisone Acetate)



Time (days)



Time (days)



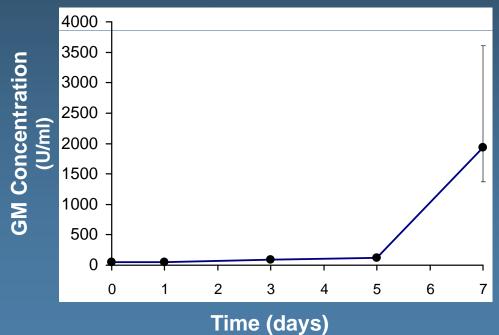
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ASPERGILLUS TECHNOLOGY CONSORTIUM

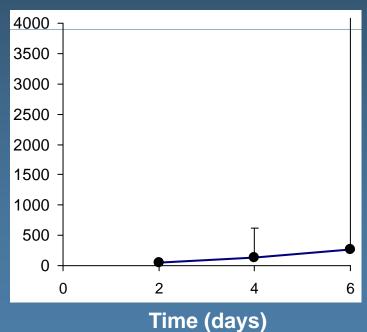
Serum GM Levels are Higher in Neutropenic Mice

Neutropenic

(Cortisone Acetate + Cyclophosphamide)

Non-neutropenic (Cortisone Acetate)

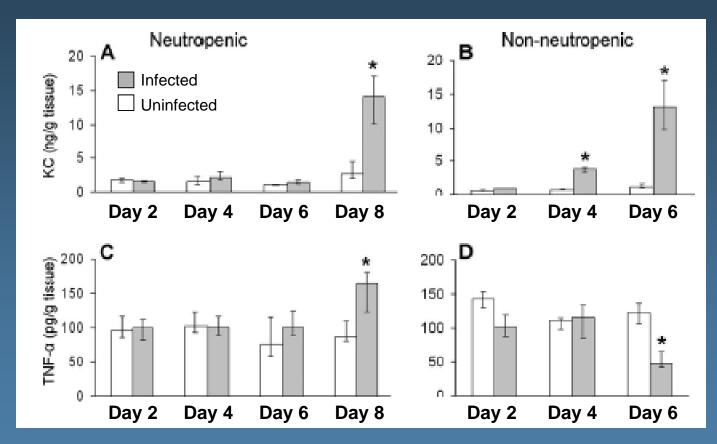








The Pulmonary Cytokine Response is Different in Neutropenic vs. Non-neutropenic Mice



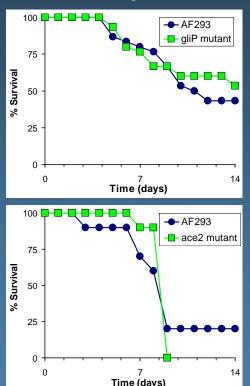
Chiang. I&I 2008;76:3429



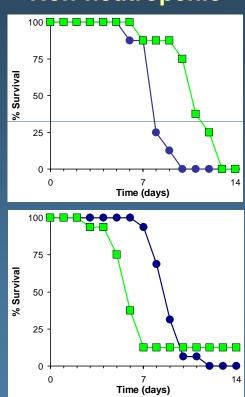


Effects of Different Types of Immunosuppression on Virulence Mechanisms

Neutropenic



Non-neutropenic



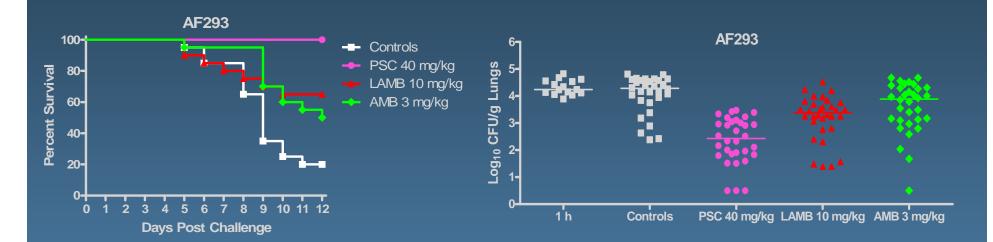
Spikes. JID 2008;197:479; Ejzykowicz. Molec Microbiol 2009;72:155



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Posaconazole is Highly Efficacious in the Neutropenic Model



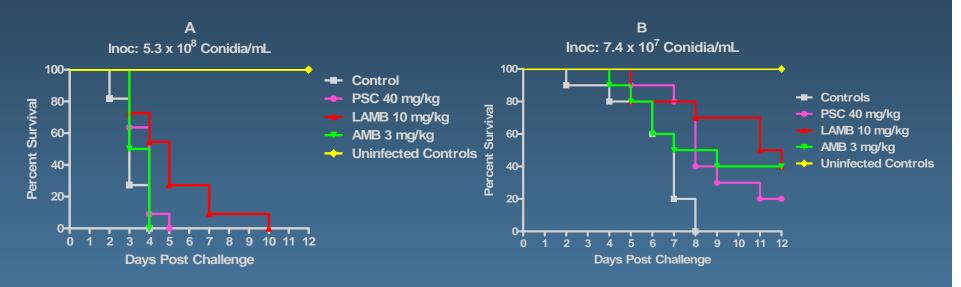
N \geq 18 mice/group. All treatments prolonged survival p \leq 0.0150. N= 15 for 1h. N \geq 30 mice/group. All treatments reduced lung fungal burden compared to controls p \leq 0.0213.

Najvar LK, et al, ICCAC 2007 (abstract M-1848)





Posaconazole is Less Efficacious in the Non-neutropenic Model



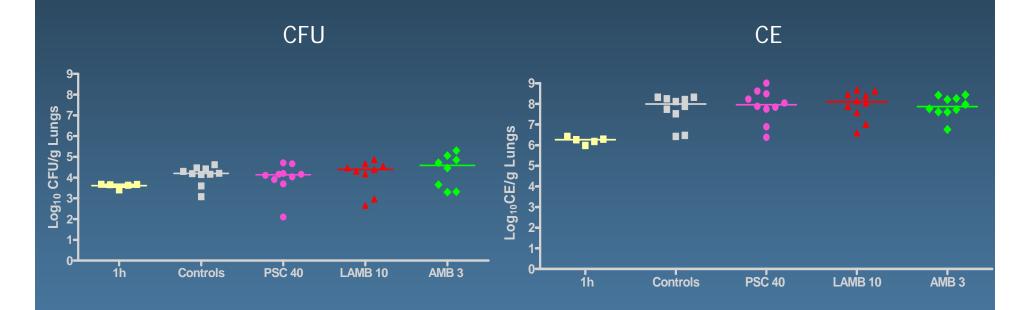
N=10 mice/group. Controls all succumbed by day 4 or 8. The median survival was prolonged for LAMB (p=0.006) in A and both PSC (p=0.007) and LAMB (p=0.009) prolonged survival in B.

Najvar LK, et al, ICCAC/IDSA 2008 (abstract M-1561)





No Therapy Reduced Pulmonary Tissue Burden in the Non-neutropenic Model



Inoculum: 7.4×10^7 Conidia/mL. N = 5-10 mice/group. No therapy reduced the fungal burden.

Najvar LK, et al, ICCAC/IDSA 2008 (abstract M-1561)





Summary

	Neutropenic	Non- neutropenic
Mortality	Late	Early
Pulmonary GM	Low	High
Serum GM	High	Low
Influence of AF virulence factors on mortality	Low	High
Response to posaconazole	Good	Poor





Contributors and Collaborators

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